

**Chapter 19.76  
SUPPLEMENTARY AND  
QUALIFYING REGULATIONS**

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**19.76.010 Effect of chapter provisions.**

The regulations hereinafter set forth in this chapter qualify or supplement, as the case may be, the zone regulations appearing elsewhere in this title.

**19.76.020 Occupancy permit.**

A. Land, buildings and premises in any zone shall hereafter be used only for the purpose listed in this title as permitted in that zone, and in accordance with the regulations established in this title in that zone.

B. The permit of occupancy shall be issued by the director to the effect that the use and/or building or premises conforms to the provisions of this title and related ordinances prior to the occupancy of any building hereafter erected, enlarged or structurally altered, or where any vacant land is hereafter proposed to be occupied or used, except for permitted agricultural uses.

C. Such a permit shall also be issued whenever the character or use of any

building or land is proposed to be changed from one use to another use.

D. Upon written request from the owner, such a permit shall also be issued covering any lawful use of a building or premises existing on the effective date of the amendment codified herein, including nonconforming buildings and uses.

**19.76.030 Uses not listed—**

**Compatibility standards.**

It is recognized that new types of land uses may develop and various forms of land uses not anticipated may seek to locate in the city. The provisions of this section shall provide a mechanism to classify land uses not listed in this title. Determination as to the classification of uses not specifically listed in this title shall be made as follows:

A. Written request. A written request for such a determination concerning an unlisted and uncoded proposed land use shall be filed with the director. The request shall include a detailed description of the proposed use and such other information as the director may require.

B. Investigation. The director thereupon shall make such investigations as are deemed necessary to compare the nature and characteristics of the proposed use with those of uses specifically listed in this title, and to make a determination of its classification, using the following compatibility standards:

1. Volume and type of sales, retain, wholesale; size and type of items sold and nature of inventory on the premises;

2. Any processing done on the premises; assembly, manufacturing, smelting, warehousing shipping and distribution; and dangerous, hazardous, toxic or explosive materials used in processing;

3. The nature and location of storage and outdoor display of merchandise; enclosed, open, inside or outside the principal building; and predominant types of items stored. business vehicles, work in process, inventory and merchandise, construction materials, scrap and junk, and bulk materials, ores, powders and liquids;

4. Number and density of employees and customers, per unit area of site and buildings in relation to business hours and employment shifts; 5.

Business hours the use is in operation or open for business, ranging from seven days a week, 24 hours a day to once to several times a year, such as sports stadiums or fairgrounds;

6. Transportation requirements, including modal split for people and freight, by volume, type and characteristics of traffic generation to and from the site, trip purposes, and whether trip purposes can be shared with other uses on the site;

7. Parking characteristics, turn over and generation, ration of the number of spaces required per unit area or activity, and potential for shared paring with other uses.

8. Predilection of attracting or repelling criminal activities to, form or other premises;

9. Amount and nature of nuisances generated on the premises noise, smoke, odor, glare, vibration radiation, and fumes; and

10. Any special public utility requirements for serving the use water supply, waste water output, pre-treatment of wastes and emissions recommended or required, and any significant power structures and communication towers or facilities.

C. Director's Recommendation. The director's recommendation concerning

the proposed use shall be rendered in writing to the planning commission within 30 days unless an extension is granted by the planning commission. The director's recommendation shall state the zone classification in which the proposed use should be permitted as well as the findings which established that such use is of the same character and intensity of uses permitted in that zone classification.

D. Planning Commission Determination; Appeal. Upon receipt of the director's recommendation, the planning commission shall review such recommendation and either approve it as submitted, approve it with modifications, or reject it. The planning commission's decision may be appealed to the city council within 30 days after the date of such decision.

E. Effect of Determination. A use approved for a zoning district based on the foregoing compatibility standards shall thereafter become a permitted or conditional use (as designated by the planning commission) for that zoning district, and shall have the same status as a permitted or conditional use, as applicable, specifically named in the regulations for the zone classification in question.

#### **19.76.035 Appeal of planning commission decision.**

Any person shall have the right to appeal a decision of the planning commission. Appeals shall be made to the board of adjustment unless a right of appeal to the city council is specifically granted in this title.

#### **19.76.040 Dwellings to be on lots.**

Every dwelling shall be located and maintained on a lot, as defined in this title. Except for group dwellings and guest houses, not more than one dwelling

structure shall occupy one lot.

#### **19.76.050 Lots in separate ownership.**

The requirements of this title as to minimum lot area or lot width shall not be construed to prevent the use for a single-family dwelling of any lot or parcel of land, provided that such lot or parcel of land is located in a zone which permits single-family dwellings, and is a legally divided lot held in separate ownership at the time such requirements became effective for such lot or parcel of land.

#### **19.76.060 Separately owned lots—Reduced yards.**

On any lot under a separate ownership from adjacent lots and of record at the time of passage of the ordinance codified herein, and such lot having a smaller width than required for the zone in which it is located, the width of each of the side yards for a dwelling may be reduced to a width which is not less than the same percentage of the width of the lot as the required side yard would be of the required lot width; provided that, on interior lots, the smaller of the two yards shall be in no case less than five feet, or the larger less than eight feet; and for corner lots, the wide yard on the side street shall be in no case less than 15 feet or the other side yard be less than five feet.

#### **19.76.065 Public use—Reduced lot area and yards.**

The requirements of this title as to minimum lot area and minimum yards may be reduced by the planning commission for a public use. The planning commission shall not authorize a reduction in the lot area or yard requirements unless the evidence presented is such as to establish that the

reduction will not, under the circumstances of the particular case, be detrimental to the health, safety or general welfare of persons residing or working in the vicinity, or injurious to property or improvements in the vicinity.

**19.76.070 Division of a two-family dwelling.**

Upon certification by the director, a legal existing or proposed two-family dwelling may be divided into attached single-family dwellings by dividing the lot. Each dwelling shall have a minimum lot area equal to one-half of the minimum lot area required in the zone for a two-family dwelling, which in no case shall be less than 4,000 square feet, and must meet all building, fire, health, parking and other requirements for a single-family dwelling. An application for lot division certification must be accompanied by a site plan showing buildings, landscaping, parking, and any other information deemed necessary by the director. The director may attach conditions to certification consistent with the purpose of the zoning ordinance. Any sale (prior to certification herein) dividing a lot occupied by a two-family dwelling shall be a misdemeanor.

**19.76.090 Sale of lots below minimum width and area.**

No parcel of land which has less than the minimum width and area requirements for the zone in which it is located may be cut off from a large parcel of land for the purpose, whether immediate or future, of building or development as a lot, except by permit of the board of adjustment.

**19.76.100 Sale of space needed to meet requirements.**

No space needed to meet the width,

yard, area, coverage, parking or other requirements of this title for a lot or building may be sold or leased away from such lot or building.

**19.76.110 Yard space for one building only.**

No required yard or other open space around an existing building, or which is hereafter provided around any building for the purpose of complying with the provisions of this title shall be considered as providing a yard or open space for any other building; nor shall any yard or other required open space on an adjoining lot be considered as providing a yard or open space on a lot whereon a building is to be erected or established. This section shall be so construed to mean only one main building may be permitted on one lot, unless otherwise provided in this title.

**19.76.120 Accessory buildings—Area of coverage.**

No accessory building or group of accessory buildings in any residential zone shall cover more than 25% of the rear yard.

**19.76.150 Front yard measurement from map.**

Wherever a front yard is required for a lot facing on a street for which an official map has been recorded in the office of the city recorder, the depth of such front yard shall be measured from the mapped street line provided by the official map.

**19.76.160 Intersecting streets and clear visibility.**

In all zones, no obstruction to view in excess of three feet in height shall be placed on any corner lot within a triangular area formed by public or private street property lines and a line

connecting them at points 30 feet from the intersection of the street lines, except a reasonable number of trees pruned high enough to permit unobstructed vision to automobile drivers.

**19.76.170 Structure height — Vertical measurement.**

A. Structure height shall be measured by taking the average vertical distance measured at the four corners of the main structure. This measurement shall be taken from the original natural grade of the lot to the highest point of the roof structure. In cases where the four corners of the structure are not explicitly clear, the city's building official and the director shall designate the four corners of the structure.

B. Structures may be stepped to accommodate the slope of the terrain provided that each step shall be at least 12 feet in horizontal dimension. The height of each stepped segment shall be measured as required in subsection (A).

C. Original ground surface shall be the elevation of the ground surface in its natural state before any manmade alterations such as, without limitation, grading, excavation or filling, excluding improvements required by zoning or subdivision ordinances. When the elevation of the original ground surface is not readily apparent because of previous manmade alterations, the elevation of the original grade shall be determined by the director using the best information available.

**19.76.180 Height limitations—  
Buildings less than one story.**

No building shall be erected to a height less than one story above grade.

**19.76.190 Height limitations—  
Accessory buildings.**

No building which is accessory to a one-family, two-family, three-family or four-family dwelling shall contain more than one story or exceed 20 feet in height, subject to more restrictive regulations in this title.

**19.76.200 Height limitations—  
Exceptions.**

Penthouse or roof structures for the housing of elevators, stairways, tanks, ventilating fans or similar equipment required to operate and maintain the building may be erected above the height limits prescribed in this title when approved by the planning commission, but no space above the height limit shall be allowed for the purpose of providing additional floor space.

**19.76.210 Additional height  
allowed when.**

Public or semipublic utility buildings, when authorized in a zone, may be erected to a height not exceeding 40 feet if the building is set back from each otherwise established building line at least one foot for each additional foot of building height above the normal height limit required for the zone in which the building is erected.

**19.76.220 Off-site improvements.**

A. Off-site Improvements Required. The applicant for a building or conditional use permit for all dwellings, commercial or industrial uses, and all other business and public and quasi-public uses shall provide curb, gutter and sidewalk along the entire property line which abuts any public road or street in cases where it does not exist at city standards. Vehicular entrances to the property shall be provided as allowed in

the this code. Height, location, structural specifications, maximum and minimum cut radii and minimum roadway approach angles to the centerline of the street are subject to the approval of the agency concerned.

**B. Fee in Lieu of Improvements.**

1. Where conditions exist which make it unfeasible or impractical to install such curb, gutter and sidewalk, the planning commission may require the applicant to pay to the city a fee equal to the estimated cost of such improvements, as determined by the director. Upon payment of such fee by the developer, the city shall assume the responsibility for future installation of such improvements.

2. The fees shall be placed in a special account, and shall credit to such account a proportioned share of interest earned from investment of city monies. Records relating to identification of properties for which fees have been collected, fee amounts collected for such properties, and money transfer requests shall be the responsibility of the department.

**C. Exceptions.**

1. The planning commission may grant exception to installation of the sidewalk in industrial areas where the planning commission determines that the sidewalk is not necessary to serve the public need, and the elimination of the sidewalk does not jeopardize the public health, safety or welfare.

2. The planning commission may grant exception to installation of curb, gutter and sidewalk in rural or estate areas where topographic or other exceptional conditions exist, provided that the public health, safety and welfare are preserved.

**19.76.230 Water and sewage facilities.**

In all cases where a proposed building or proposed use will involve the use of sewage facilities, and a sewer, as defined in the health department regulations, is not available, and all cases where a proposed supply of piped water under pressure is not available, the sewage disposal and the domestic water supply shall comply with requirements of the health department, and the application for a building permit shall be accompanied by a certificate of approval from the health department.

**19.76.240 Animal and fowl restrictions.**

No animals or fowl shall be kept or maintained closer than 40 feet from any dwelling on an adjacent parcel of land, and no barn, stable, coop, pen or corral shall be kept closer than 40 feet from any street.

**19.76.250 Special events and temporary sales.**

A. The director may issue a temporary use permit for a temporary sale, special events, or other amusement enterprise of a similar nature, transient in nature, or Christmas tree sales, providing he shall find that the use will not conflict with the uses in the neighborhood and/or zoning of the subject property. To determine the compatibility of uses, the director may call a public hearing. Request for such permit shall be submitted in writing.

B. In issuing a permit, the director may:

1. Stipulate the length of time the permit may remain valid;
2. Stipulate the hours of operation of the use; and
3. Stipulate other regulations which

are necessary for the public welfare.

**19.76.255 Home day care preschool, small.**

“Home day care/preschool, small” means the keeping for care and/or preschool instruction of six or less children including the caregiver’s own children under the age of six and not yet in full day school within an occupied dwelling and yard. A home day care/preschool, small is exempt from the home occupation requirements of this code, but must meet all of the following standards:

A. There may be a maximum of six children on premises at any time, including the caregiver’s own children under the age of six and not yet in full day school.

B. There shall be no employees that do not reside in the dwelling.

C. The home day care/preschool, small caregiver shall comply with all applicable licensing requirements under title 5 of this code.

D. The use shall comply with all applicable noise regulations.

E. The play yard shall not be located in the front yard and only shall be used between 8:00 a.m. and 7:00 p.m.

F. The lot shall contain one available on-site parking space not required for use of the dwelling. The location of the parking shall be approved by the director to insure that the parking is functional and does not change the residential character of the lot.

G. No signs shall be allowed on the dwelling or lot except a nameplate sign.

H. The use shall comply with all local, state and federal laws and regulations.

I. Upon complaint that any of the requirements of this section or any other city ordinance are being violated by a

home day care/preschool, or small caregiver, the city shall review the complaint and, if substantiated, may institute a license revocation proceeding under title 5 of this code.

J. All property owners within a 500 foot radius of the caregiver’s property shall be mailed notice concerning the licensing of a home day care/preschool, small, at such property; provided, however, that provision of such notice shall not be a condition precedent to the legality of any such license, and no such license shall be deemed invalid or illegal because of any failure to mail any such notice.

**19.76.260 Home day care/preschool.**

“Home day care/preschool” means the keeping for care and/or preschool instruction of 12 or fewer children including the caregiver’s own children under the age of six and not yet in full day school within an occupied dwelling and yard. A home day care/preschool may be approved by the planning commission if it meets all of the following standards:

A. There may be a maximum of 12 children on premises at any time, including the caregiver’s own children under the age of six and not yet in full day school.

B. There shall be no more than one employee present at any one time who does not reside in the dwelling.

C. The home day care/preschool caregiver shall comply with all applicable licensing requirements under title 5 of this code.

D. The use shall comply with all applicable noise regulations.

E. The play yard shall not be located in the front yard and only shall be used between 8:00 a.m. and 7:00 p.m.

F. The lot shall contain one available

on-site parking space not required for use of the dwelling, and an additional available on-site parking space not required for use of the dwelling for any employee not residing in the dwelling. The location of the parking shall be approved by the director to insure that the parking is functional and does not change the residential character of the lot.

G. No signs shall be allowed on the dwelling or lot except a nameplate sign.

H. The use shall comply with all local, state and federal laws and regulations.

I. Upon complaint that any of the requirements of this section or any other city ordinance are being violated by a home day care/preschool caregiver, the city shall review the complaint and, if substantiated, may (1) set a hearing before the planning commission to revoke any conditional use permit, and/or (2) institute a license revocation proceeding under title 5 of this code.

J. All property owners within a 500 foot radius of the caregiver's property shall be mailed notice of any hearing to grant or revoke any conditional use permit at least ten days prior to the date of the hearing; provided, however, that provision of such notice shall not be a condition precedent to the legality of any such hearing, and no hearing or action taken thereon shall be deemed invalid or illegal because of any failure to mail any such notice.

#### **19.76.270 Home occupations**

A. "Home occupation" means, (unless otherwise provided) any use conducted entirely within a dwelling and carried on by one person residing in the dwelling unit, which use is clearly incidental and secondary to the use of the dwelling for dwelling purposes and does not change the character of the dwelling

or property for residential purposes, and in connection with which there is no display nor stock in trade, "stock in trade" being any item offered for sale which was not produced on the premises.

B. The home occupation shall not include the sale of commodities except those produced on the premises; provided, however, that original or reproductions of works of art designed or created by the artist operating a home occupation may be stored and sold on the premises. "Reproduction of works of art" includes, but is not limited to printed reproduction, casting, and sound recordings.

C. The home occupation shall not involve the use of any accessory building or yard space or activity outside the main building.

D. The director shall determine whether additional parking, in addition to the two spaces required per dwelling unit, is required for a home occupation and shall also determine the number and location of such additional parking spaces.

#### **19.76.280 Commercial renting of dwellings prohibited.**

It shall be deemed a commercial use and unlawful to rent or lease any dwelling or portion thereof located within any forestry, residential, agricultural or foothill agricultural zones for accommodation purposes or occupancy by different individuals for a period less than 30 consecutive days except as specifically permitted by this title.

#### **19.76.290 Single-family or two-family dwelling—Standards.**

Any detached single-family or two-family dwelling located on an individual lot outside of a mobile home park or



mobile home subdivision must meet the off-street parking requirements in chapter 19.80, "Off-Street Parking Requirements," and the following standards in addition to any others required by law except as provided in subsection I of this section:

A. The dwelling unit must meet the city's building code or, if it is a manufactured home, it must be certified under the National Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974, as amended, and must have been issued an insignia and approved by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, and must not have been altered in violation of codes. A used manufactured home must be inspected by the city's building official or his designated representative prior to placement on a lot to insure it has not been altered in violation of such codes.

B. The dwelling must be taxed as real property. If the dwelling is a manufactured home, an affidavit must be filed with the Utah State Tax Commission pursuant to *Utah Code Ann.* § 59-2-602, as amended.

C. The dwelling must be permanently connected to and approved for all required utilities.

D. The dwelling must provide a minimum of 72 square feet (per dwelling unit) of enclosed storage, with a minimum height of six feet, located in the basement or garage area or in an accessory storage structure. Such structure shall conform to all applicable building codes.

E. The dwelling must be attached to a site-built permanent foundation which meets the city's building code or, if the dwelling is a manufactured home, the installation must meet the ICBO Guidelines for Manufactured Housing

Installations, including any successors to these standards, and the space beneath the structure must be enclosed at the perimeter of the dwelling in accordance with such ICBO Guidelines, and constructed of materials that are weather-resistant and aesthetically consistent with concrete or masonry type foundation materials. At each exit door there must be a landing that is a minimum of 36 inches by 36 inches and that is constructed to meet the requirements of the city's building code. All manufactured home running gear, tongues, axles and wheels must be removed at the time of installation.

F. At least 60% of the roof of the dwelling must be pitched at a minimum of two-and-one-half to 12 (2.5:12) and shall have a roof surface of wood shakes, asphalt, composition, wood shingles, concrete, fiberglass or metal tiles or slate or built-up gravel materials.

G. The dwelling shall have exterior siding material consisting of wood, masonry, concrete, stucco, masonite, or metal or vinyl lap, or any material meeting the city's building code or materials of like appearance approved by the director. The roof overhang must not be less than six inches, including rain gutters which may account for up to four inches of overhang, measured from the vertical side of the dwelling. The roof overhang requirement shall not apply to areas above porches, alcoves and other appendages which together do not exceed 25% of the length of the dwelling. The roof overhang may be reduced to two inches on the side of the dwelling facing the rear yard except on corner lots.

H. The width of the dwelling shall be at least 20 feet at the narrowest part of its first story for a length of at least 20 feet exclusive of any garage area. The width shall be considered the lesser of the two

primary dimensions. Factory-built or manufactured homes shall be multiple transportable sections at least ten feet wide unless transportable in three or more sections, in which case only one section need be ten feet.

I. The director may approve deviations from one or more of the developmental or architectural standards provided in subsections E through H of this section on the basis of a finding that the architectural style proposed provides compensating design features and that the proposed dwelling will be compatible and harmonious with existing structures in the vicinity. The determination of the director may be appealed to the board of adjustment.

J. Replacement of an existing nonconforming manufactured home on a lot outside a mobile home park or mobile home subdivision shall comply with all requirements herein.

#### **19.76.300 Regulations regarding junk.**

A. "Junk" means any salvaged or scrap copper, brass, iron, steel, metal, rope, rags, batteries, paper, wood, trash, plastic, rubber, tires and waste, or other articles or materials commonly designated as junk. Junk, except as provided in subsections (B) or (C), shall also mean any dismantled, wrecked or inoperable motor vehicles or parts thereof which are stored or parked on property outside of an enclosed building and which remain in such condition for a period of time in excess of 60 days. An automobile, truck or bus shall be considered inoperable if it is not currently registered and licensed in this state or another state.

B. One truck with a capacity of one ton or less or automobile which is not currently licensed and registered in this state or another state but is otherwise

operable may be stored on property for a period not to exceed one year if it is secured with the windows closed, the trunk and hood closed and the doors locked and is not damaged exposing jagged metal; or

C. One truck with a capacity of one ton or less or automobile which is inoperable may be stored in a side yard, except a side yard which faces on a street or a rear yard on property for a period not to exceed one year provided:

1. The automobile or truck is secured with the windows closed, the trunk and hood closed and the doors locked and is not damaged exposing jagged metal;

2. The automobile or truck shall not be visible from any public street; and

3. The automobile or truck is entirely concealed by a covering which is maintained in good condition and which does not extend closer to the ground than the lowest point of the vehicle body.

D. All existing legal nonconforming motor vehicles as of the effective date of the ordinance codified in this section, or any amendment hereto, shall comply with the provisions of this section within one year from the date of the enactment of this section or any amendment thereto.

#### **19.76.310 Residential facility for elderly persons.**

A. "Residential facility for elderly persons" means a single-family or multiple-family dwelling unit that is occupied 24 hours a day in a family-type arrangement by eight or fewer elderly persons 60 years old or older capable of living independently.

B. Such facility shall be owned by one of the residents or by an immediate family member of one of the residents or the title has been placed in trust for a resident.

C. Placement in such facility is on a voluntary basis and may not be a part of, or in lieu of, confinement, rehabilitation, or treatment in a correctional institution.

D. No person being treated for alcoholism or drug abuse may be placed in such a facility.

E. The structure shall be capable of use without the residential character being changed by exterior structural or landscaping alterations.

F. Each facility shall not be located within three-quarters mile of another residential facility for elderly persons or residential facility for handicapped persons.

G. This use is nontransferable and terminates if the structure is devoted to a use other than a residential facility for elderly persons or if the structure fails to comply with applicable health, safety, and building codes.

#### **19.76.320 Short term rentals**

A. "Short-term rental" means any dwelling or portion thereof that is available for use or is used for accommodations or lodging of guests, paying a fee or other compensation, for a period of less than 30 consecutive days.

B. A short-term rental shall not contain more than four bedrooms.

C. A short-term rental shall be maintained to the following minimum standards:

1. Structures shall be properly maintained, painted and kept in good repair, and grounds and landscaped areas shall be properly maintained and watered in order that the use in no way detracts from the general appearance of the neighborhood; and

2. Required parking areas and access to parking areas shall be maintained and available for use at all times. Parking for this use shall be contained on the site, and

shall not be allowed on the public rights-of-way; and

3. Snow shall be removed from sidewalks and driveways within one hour after the snow has ceased falling, provided that in case of a storm between the hours of 5:00 p.m. and 6:00 a.m., the sidewalk shall be cleaned before 8:00 a.m. the morning following the storm.

D. Occupants of a short-term rental shall not create excessive noise that is incompatible with adjacent land users.

E. A short-term rental use shall not have any signs on the premises that advertise the use.

F. The use of a dwelling as a short-term rental shall not change the appearance of the dwelling or property for residential purposes.

G. Outdoor pools, hot tubs or spas shall not be used between the hours of 10:00 p.m. and 8:00 a.m.

H. The operator of a short-term rental must be continuously licensed to operate such a business under title 5 of this code.

#### **19.76.330 Yard requirements**

"Yard" means a space on a lot, other than a court, unoccupied and unobstructed from the ground upward by buildings or structures, except as follows:

A. Fences;

B. Canopies allowed under subsection 19.80.120(B);

C. Accessory buildings in a rear yard;

D. The ordinary projections of windows where the projection is at least 18 inches above floor level, roofs, cornices, chimneys, flues, and other ornamental features which project into a yard not more than three feet;

E. Open or lattice-enclosed exterior stairways, located in a commercial or manufacturing zone, projecting into a

yard not more than five feet; and

F. Structures less than 18 inches in height from the finished ground surface.

#### **19.76.340 Fences.**

No fence, wall or hedge shall be erected to a height which exceeds four feet in the front yard and six feet in the side yards and/or rear yard. Fencing to a maximum height of eight feet may be allowed for side and/or rear yards as a conditional use upon a clear and convincing showing by the property owner (a) of unique or special circumstances of a material, adverse nature relating to the property that will be substantially minimized or eliminated by the increased height of the requested fence, and (b) that erection of such a fence is the most reasonable solution under the circumstances. Any such conditional use permit may be granted by the director or his designee following an administrative hearing preceded by all required notifications. A building permit shall be required for all fences approved as a conditional use.

#### **19.76.350 Storage of RVs, boats and travel trailers.**

All RVs, boats and travel trailers which exceed eight feet in length shall only be stored in a side yard or rear yard, and shall also be subject to other regulations of this code.

#### **19.76.360 Car wash regulations**

A. Applicability and general purposes. Construction and operation of a car wash is subject to prior conditional use approval by the planning commission. The regulations in this section are intended to allow reasonable opportunities for car washes in the city, while (1) reducing noise and adverse visual impacts on abutting uses,

particularly residential uses; (2) ensuring adequate drainage; (3) promoting safer and more efficient on-site vehicular circulation; (4) promoting an aesthetically pleasing environment for car washes; and (5) assuring that car washes are located so that they are not the dominant land use in the city's primary commercial or gateway corridors.

##### B. Location and site.

1. The lot proposed for a car wash shall be located in a zone that specifically allows a car wash as a conditional use or a permitted use.

2. The lot proposed for a car wash shall contain at least 10,000 square feet.

3. The lot proposed for a car wash shall front on, and have direct access to, an arterial or collector street (as designated by the city).

4. The ingress or egress points of a car wash, or any driveway thereon, shall not be located so to impede the safe operation of any intersection, as determined by the city.

5. No car wash shall be located on a corner lot.

##### C. Additional requirements.

###### 1. General.

(a) Any trash or service area of a car wash shall be fully screened from other properties and public streets.

(b) To the extent practicable, wash bays shall be sited parallel to the adjacent street in such a way as to use the frontage efficiently and be oriented away from any abutting residentially zoned or used property.

###### 2. Access, circulation and on-site parking.

(a) Access points and driveways shall be planned and shared between properties to the greatest extent possible.

(b) Sidewalks to accommodate pedestrian activity shall be provided.

Pedestrian access shall be provided from the perimeter of the property to the car wash. Sidewalks in front of, or directly adjacent to, a car wash shall be at least four (4) feet wide.

(c) The circulation system shall provide continuous traffic flow with efficient, non-conflicting movement throughout the site. Conflicts between major pedestrian movement and vehicular circulation shall be minimized.

(d) The planning commission shall specify the distance between any two curb cuts used for entrances or exits to a car wash on a case-by-case basis, provided that such distance shall not be less than thirty-five (35) feet.

(e) If accessory vacuuming facilities are provided, a minimum of one parking space shall be provided for each vehicle capable of being serviced at any one time at such vacuum facility. Parking spaces for accessory vacuuming facilities shall not interfere with circulation or entrance or exit drives.

(f) In addition to parking requirements for employees and wash bays set forth in chapter 19.80, each wash bay of a car wash shall have the following vehicle stacking capacity for vehicles waiting to be serviced: (i) three (3) stacking spaces for each bay in a self-service car wash; and (ii) six (6) stacking spaces for each in-bay automatic or conveyor car wash.

### 3. Building and equipment setbacks.

(a) A car wash shall be set back a minimum of twenty-five (25) feet from the front property line.

(b) Accessory equipment, such as vacuum facilities, shall be set back a minimum of twenty (20) feet from any adjacent street.

(c) Car washes shall meet the side and rear setbacks required by the underlying zone.

### 4. Architectural design.

(a) A car wash shall maintain a consistent style and architectural theme. Architectural design, building materials, colors, forms, roof style and detailing should all work together to express a harmonious and consistent design.

(b) 360 degree architectural treatment is required. Building design must incorporate variations in building height, building mass, roof forms and changes in wall planes so as to avoid large expanses of flat, uninterrupted building walls.

(c) Building elements shall not function as signage. Incorporation of franchise or business design elements unique or symbolic of a particular business shall be secondary to the overall architectural design. Bold, brash, intense, fluorescent or metallic accent colors shall be used in limited application such as in signage.

(d) All car wash apparatus shall be enclosed or screened from adjacent streets and properties by means of an effective screening device of a height appropriate to its screening function. Screening may include: solid decorative brick walls, wood fences, earth berms, tight evergreen hedges which shall reach the necessary height within two (2) years of planting, or a suitable combination of the above.

5. Site furniture. Site furniture (such as bicycle racks, trash receptacles, and benches) is required to be incorporated in the design of a car wash, as specified by the city through the conditional use process. The style of the site furniture must complement the overall design of the principal building and be of high quality.

6. All structures within the development shall be designed, constructed and permanently maintained

in a planned, integrated, compatible and coordinated manner using the same or substantially identical:

- (a) Exterior building materials and colors;
- (b) Architectural features and style; and
- (c) Lighting and lighting fixtures.

7. Lighting Requirements. In addition to general lighting requirements specified in chapters 19.76 and 19.80 of this code, the following specific lighting requirements shall apply to car washes:

(a) Lighting of car washes shall be adequate only to facilitate the activities taking place in such locations and shall not be used to attract attention to the business.

(b) Full cut-off lighting is required.

(c) Site lighting photometric plans are required.

(d) The following lighting is prohibited on car wash sites: (i) exposed strip lighting used to illuminate building facades or outline buildings; (ii) neon tubing; and (iii) blinking or flashing lights.

8. Landscaping requirements. All landscaping shall comply with the landscaping requirements of the underlying zoning and the conditional use approval for the car wash.

D. Operational requirements. The following operational requirements apply to all car washes:

1. Water recycling.

(a) All car washes shall be required to be equipped with, and shall maintain in operation, a water recycling system that will recycle not less than fifty percent (50%) of the water being used by such car wash.

(b) Any applicant for a car wash shall submit site plan for review to the applicable water and wastewater provider(s) to insure appropriate and

safe provision, use and discharge of water, and shall provide the city with evidence of its submittal to and response/approval by the applicable water and wastewater providers.

2. Hours of operation. Car washes shall not be open for business or otherwise in operation during the nighttime and early morning hours of 10:00 p.m. and 7:00 a.m. the following day.

### **19.76.370 Non-depository institutions**

Non-depository institutions are permitted as a conditional use within the Regional Commercial (CR) zone, subject to the following restrictions:

A. A non-depository institution shall not be located within one (1) mile of any other non-depository institution inside the city's geographical boundaries. The distance shall be measured from the exterior walls of the building (or portions thereof) in which the non-depository institution is located or proposed to be located, and shall be measured as a straight and direct line distance from said point.

B. In addition to the geographical restriction under subsection 19.76.370(A) above, the total number of non-depository institutions located within the city's geographical boundaries shall not exceed one (1) non-depository institution per ten thousand (10,000) residents of the city. A portion or fraction resulting from such a calculation that does not equal a whole number shall not increase, through "rounding" or otherwise, the total number of non-depository institutions possible under this section. For example, if the city's population was 39,999, then a maximum of three (3) non-depository institutions would be possible in the city,

and a fourth (4<sup>th</sup>) non-depository institution would not be possible until the city's population was 40,000 or more. For purposes of such calculation, the city's population shall be determined by the figures provided by the United States Census Bureau's most recent annual estimate.

C. All non-depository institutions are subject to all applicable architectural, design, aesthetic and other regulations of all applicable zones, overlay zones, and other requirements of this title. In addition, all non-depository institutions are subject to the following supplemental regulations:

1. The color of the building housing the non-depository institution shall be restricted to earth tones or shall match the city-approved design theme of the development of which it is a part.

2. At least twenty-five percent (25%) of the first floor façade that faces a public street or sidewalk shall be windows or doors of clear or lightly tinted glass that allow views into and out of the building at eye level.

3. The use of bars, chains, or similar security devices that are visible from a public street or sidewalk is prohibited.

4. The use of neon lighting shall be prohibited on the building exterior.

5. All signage associated with any non-depository institution shall conform to the requirements of chapter 19.82 of this title.